

Energy Tips

Tip Sheet #13 • May 2001



Steam



Motors



Compressed Air

Use a Vent Condenser to Recover Flash Steam Energy

When the pressure of saturated condensate is reduced, a portion of the liquid “flashes” to low-pressure steam. Depending on the pressures involved, the flash steam contains approximately 10 to 40 percent of the energy content of the original condensate. In most cases, including condensate receivers and deaerators, the flashing steam is vented and its energy content lost. However, a heat exchanger can be placed in the vent to recover this energy. The following table indicates the energy content of flash steam at atmospheric pressure.

Energy Recovery Potential of a Vent Condenser

Pipe Diameter (inches)	Energy Content, MMBtu/year*				
	Steam Velocity, feet/min				
	200	300	400	500	600
2	90	140	185	230	280
4	370	555	740	925	1,110
6	835	1,250	1,665	2,085	2,500
10	2,315	3,470	4,630	5,875	6,945

* Assumes continuous operation, 70°F make-up water, and condensed steam at 100°F.

Example

Consider a vent pipe with the following conditions:

Velocity of flash steam:	300 feet per minute
Diameter of vent pipe:	4 inches
Hours of operation:	8,000 hours per year
Boiler efficiency:	82 percent
Cost of fuel:	\$4.50 per million Btu (MMBtu)

A vent condenser could condense the flashed steam, transfer its thermal energy to incoming make-up water, and then return it to the boiler. Energy is recovered in two forms: hotter make-up water and clean, distilled condensate ready for productive use in your operation.

Referring to the table above, the potential energy recovered from the flashed steam is 555 MMBtu, based on 8,760 hours of annual operation. Correct this value for actual operating hours and boiler efficiency:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Annual Energy Recovered} &= 555 \text{ MMBtu/year} \times 8,000 \text{ hrs/yr} / 8,760 \text{ hrs/yr} \times 1 / 0.82 \\ &= 618 \text{ MMBtu} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Annual Potential Fuel Cost Savings} &= 618 \text{ MMBtu/yr} \times \$4.50/\text{MMBtu} \\ &= \$2,781^{**} \end{aligned}$$

** Note that the annual fuel savings are per vent. Often, there are several such vents in a steam facility, and the total savings can be a significantly larger number. The additional heat exchanger cost still needs to be considered, but available literature shows a quick payback for the measure.

Distilled Water Recovery

A useful rule of thumb is that every 500 lbs/hr of recovered flash steam provides 1 gallon per minute (gpm) of distilled water.

Materials Considerations

Depending on the specific application, the vent condenser materials can be either all stainless or mild steel shell with copper tubes. For deaerator vent condensing, a stainless steel heat exchanger is recommended to avoid corrosion due to the high concentrations of gases. Mild steel can be used for receiver tank vent condensing.

Steam Tip Sheet information adapted from material provided by the Industrial Energy Extension Service of Georgia Tech and reviewed by the DOE BestPractices Steam Technical Subcommittee. For additional information on steam system efficiency measures, contact the OIT Clearinghouse at (800) 862-2086.



Suggested Actions

- Inspect vent pipes of receiver tanks and deaerators for excessive flash steam plumes.
- Re-examine deaerator steam requirements.
- Eliminate remaining flash steam energy loss with a vent condenser.
- Consult manufacturers for materials specifications, as well as size and cost recommendations for the vent condenser.



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Washington, DC 20585-0121



DOE/GO-102001-1276
May 2001
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